§21.223

placards containing the limitations established by §§21.81(e) and 91.317.

[Doc. No. 5085, 29 FR 14571, Oct. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 21–66, 54 FR 34329, Aug. 18, 1989]

§ 21.223 Class II provisional airworthiness certificates.

- (a) Except as provided in §21.225, an applicant is entitled to a Class II provisional airworthiness certificate for an aircraft for which a Class II provisional type certificate has been issued if—
- (1) He meets the eligibility requirements of §21.213 and he complies with this section; and
- (2) The FAA finds that there is no feature, characteristic, or condition of the aircraft that would make the aircraft unsafe when operated in accordance with the limitations established in §§21.83(h), 91.317, and 121.207 of this chapter.
- (b) The applicant must show that a Class II provisional type certificate for the aircraft has been issued to the manufacturer.
- (c) The applicant must submit a statement by the manufacturer that the aircraft has been manufactured under a quality system adequate to ensure that the aircraft conforms to the type design corresponding with the provisional type certificate.
- (d) The applicant must submit a statement that the aircraft has been found by him to be in a safe operating condition under the applicable limitations
- (e) The aircraft must be flown at least five hours by the manufacturer.
- (f) The aircraft must be supplied with a provisional aircraft flight manual containing the limitations established by §§ 21.83(h), 91.317, and 121.207 of this chapter.

[Doc. No. 5085, 29 FR 14571, Oct. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 21–12, 31 FR 13389, Oct. 15, 1966; Amdt. 21–66, 54 FR 34329, Aug. 18, 1989; Amdt. 21–92, 74 FR 53390, Oct. 16, 2009]

§ 21.225 Provisional airworthiness certificates corresponding with provisional amendments to type certificates

(a) An applicant is entitled to a Class I or a Class II provisional airworthiness certificate, for an aircraft, for which a

provisional amendment to the type certificate has been issued, if—

- (1) He meets the eligibility requirements of §21.213 and he complies with this section; and
- (2) The FAA finds that there is no feature, characteristic, or condition of the aircraft, as modified in accordance with the provisionally amended type certificate, that would make the aircraft unsafe when operated in accordance with the applicable limitations established in §§21.85(g), 91.317, and 121.207 of this chapter.
- (b) The applicant must show that the modification was made under a quality system adequate to ensure that the modification conforms to the provisionally amended type certificate.
- (c) The applicant must submit a statement that the aircraft has been found by him to be in a safe operating condition under the applicable limitations.
- (d) The aircraft must be flown at least five hours by the manufacturer.
- (e) The aircraft must be supplied with a provisional aircraft flight manual or other document and appropriate placards containing the limitations required by §§21.85(g), 91.317, and 121.207 of this chapter.

[Doc. No. 5085, 29 FR 14571, Oct. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 21–12, 31 FR 13389, Oct. 15, 1966; Amdt. 21–66, 54 FR 34329, Aug. 18, 1989; Amdt. 21–92, 74 FR 53390, Oct. 16, 2009]

Subpart J [Reserved]

Subpart K—Parts Manufacturer Approvals

Source: Docket No. FAA-2006-25877, Amdt. 21-92, 74 FR 53390, Oct. 16, 2009, unless otherwise noted.

§21.301 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes—

- (a) Procedural requirements for issuing PMAs; and
 - (b) Rules governing holders of PMAs.

§21.303 Application.

- (a) The applicant for a PMA must apply in a form and manner prescribed by the FAA, and include the following:
- (1) The identity of the product on which the article is to be installed.